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*Current quarantine measures.*

[Translated in this Bureau from the "Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes," Berlin, June 8, 1898.]

## PLAGUE.

**TURKEY.**—According to advices dated May 19, the quarantine against arrivals from the coast of the Hedjaz between Yambo and Lith has been suspended. Vessels having on board pilgrims returning North shall repair to the lazarettos of Klazamena, Beirut, or Tripolis in Africa and there submit to such measures as the sanitary authorities think proper.

**BULGARIA.**—By resolution of the sanitary council, May 18, all India is declared infected from April 1, and all vessels and merchandise which left India on or after April 1 are subject to the measures prescribed February 11 and April 4.

In view of the fact that the greater part of importations to Bulgaria from India arrive by way of England, in bulk, it is resolved that all such importations shall be admitted after they have been disinfected at the expense of their owners.

**STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.**—By proclamation of the Colonial Government of May 5 the harbor of Calcutta is declared infected. All vessels arriving thence shall be subject to a quarantine for a period of nine days from the date of their departure from Calcutta, or from the occurrence of the last plague case, or until released by permit of the sanitary authority.

## SMALLPOX.

**DANISH ANTILLES.**—According to advices of June 3, arrivals from Valencia (Venezuela) are subject to fifteen days' quarantine on account of smallpox. Quarantine for arrivals from Jamaica is suspended.

## CUBA.

*Hospital reports of the Juragua Mining Company, Limited, and statement of the rainfall in Cuba during the period 1889 to 1897.*

CUBA, June 27, 1898.

SIR: In response to your telegrams of this afternoon, I inclose herewith a press copy of a statement of the rainfall in Cuba furnished by me to the State Department April 15 last, and also a detailed statement of weather observations recorded at our mining village, Firmeza, month by month, for the years 1889 to 1897, both inclusive.

The report will sufficiently explain itself, but I beg to call your attention, first, to the minimum temperature given for the past two years, showing the lowest average point for the month that the thermometer goes during the night; and second, to the phenomenally heavy rainfall in October of last year, being by far greater than any year since our records were kept, and, as a matter of fact, in one day (October 20) we had a fall of 14 inches.

Very respectfully, yours,

JOSIAH MONROE,  
*Secretary and Treasurer.*